

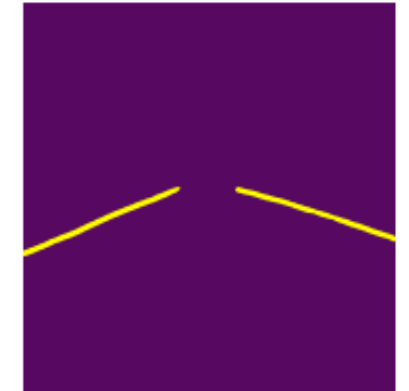
Demo 1.4: Enhanced localization using vision sensors

Robust Localization

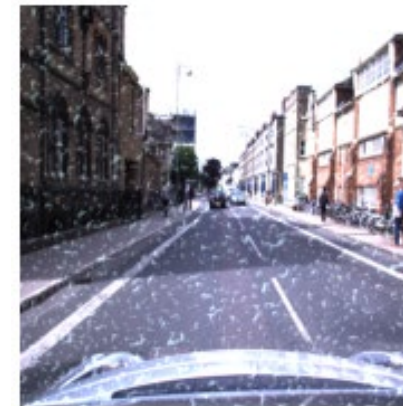
- Front camera provides images (see image (a))
- A Deep Learning (DL) Neural Network segments the left and right road boundaries (see image(b))
- Given the road boundaries prediction, we compute the relative position of the car with respect to the road using a classical computer vision lane fitting approach
- First, we introduce several synthetic corruptions (see images (c) and (d)), simulating possible camera failures, to benchmark the robustness of our DL method which segments the road boundaries
- To improve the robustness of our DL method, we employ AugMix, an image augmentation approach during training.
- By using AugMix, we also robustify the localization approach algorithm which relies on the DL model output



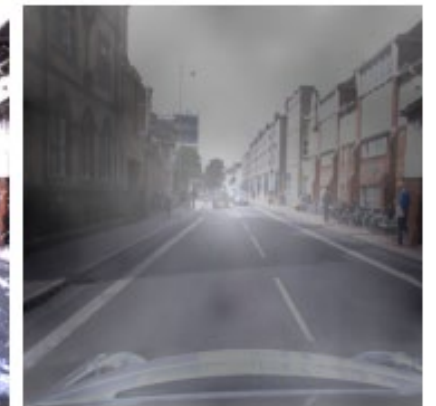
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

Results

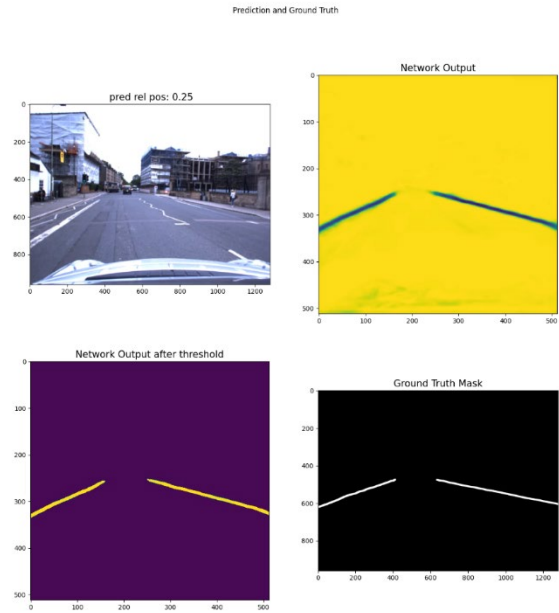


Figure: ResNet-50 prediction with relative position on clean scenario (No AugMix)

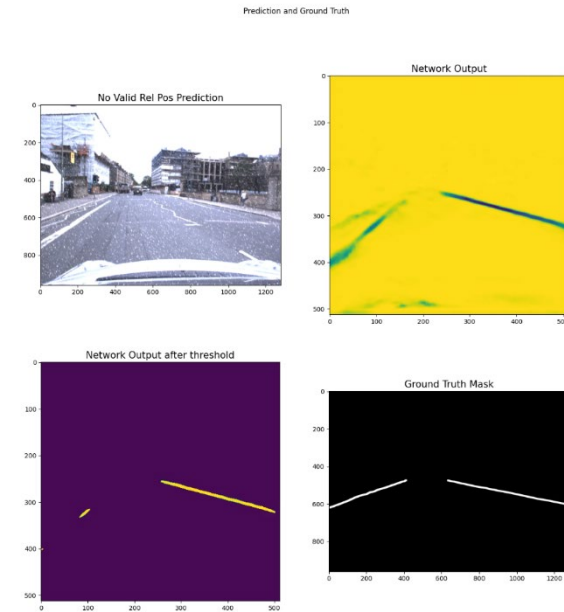


Figure: ResNet-50 prediction with relative position on snow scenario (No AugMix)

Results

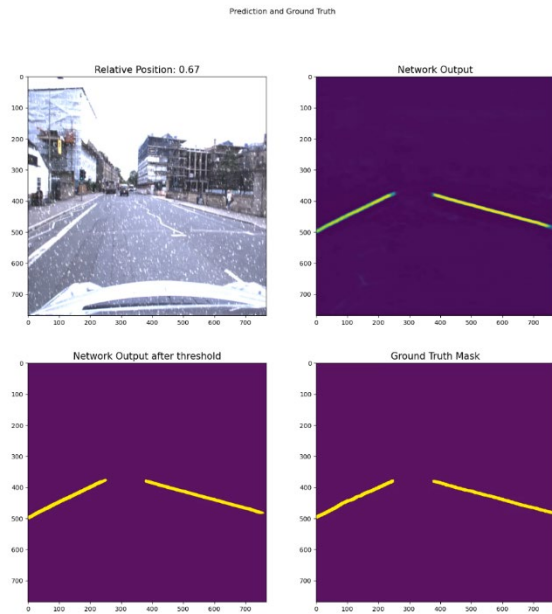


Figure: Model with AugMix on Snow severity 1

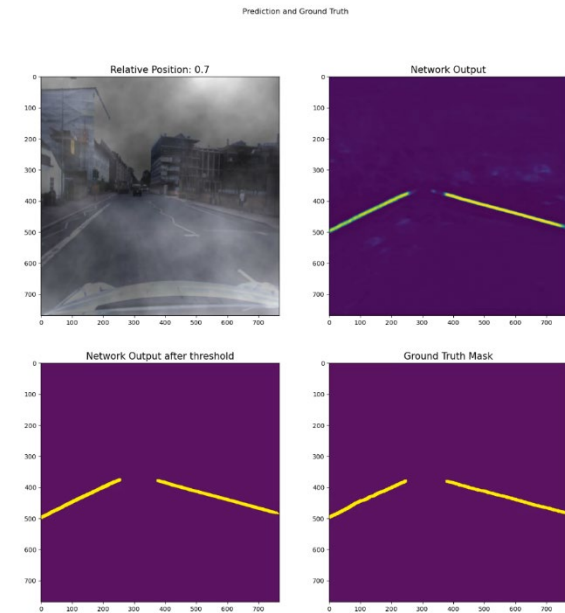


Figure: Model with AugMix on Fog severity 5